WATER LINES
QUICK GUIDE

FLOW RATES

Water requirements change with age. To avoid waste, match beak capacity with drinker flow rates.

WATER PRESSURE

Water pressure should be adjusted as birds grow so enough water is provided. Raise the pressure a few inches every few days, and stop if litter becomes too wet.

LINE HEIGHT

The right height ensures birds consume more water than they waste. Lines that are too high or low result in wet floors and dehydrated birds.

WATER QUALITY

Drinking water should always be clear, tasteless, odorless, and colorless. Test water regularly.

FLUSHING

Flushing will inhibit biofilm growth and simultaneously replenish water lines with fresh, cool water.

CLEANING

A thorough cleaning should be performed between every flock. Additionally, a daily sanitation program will improve water quality.